

fritzing

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# Pull in the code libraries that the code will need to use.
from __future__ import division
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
# Set up the GPIO library to use the numbering of the pin on the board
# i.e. 1 - 40 of the main GPIO connector.
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
# Tell the code the red LED is plugged into pin 35, and that pin 35
# is an output, and set the output to low (i.e. red LED is off)
RED LED = 35
GPIO.setup(RED LED, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.output(RED LED, GPIO.LOW)
# A new pulse starts every second, and half of that time, the LED is on.
pulse period = 1
on_fraction = 1/2
# This try and the except below allow the code to stop cleanly by
# capturing the exception from a keyboard ctrl-C.
try:
  # Store off when the while loop starts.
  start time = time.time()
  # Start looping around the code forever.
  while True:
    # Work out what time it is since we started, and from that, the
    # fraction of the pulse period.
    time.sleep(1/1000)
    clock_time = (time.time() - start_time) % pulse_period
    # For the LEDs, check how far through its fraction of the pulse it
    # is and turn the LED on if it's less or off if it's more.
                          ====== RED =====
    if clock_time < on_fraction * pulse_period:</pre>
        GPIO.output(RED_LED, GPIO.HIGH)
    else:
        GPIO.output(RED LED, GPIO.LOW)
# The except here needs to do nothing but has to do something; the pass
# statement means do nothing.
except KeyboardInterrupt as e:
  pass
# Finally turn off the LEDs and cleanup the GPIO.
GPIO.output(RED_LED, GPIO.LOW)
GPIO.cleanup()
```